

Significant events for December 2012 - February 2013

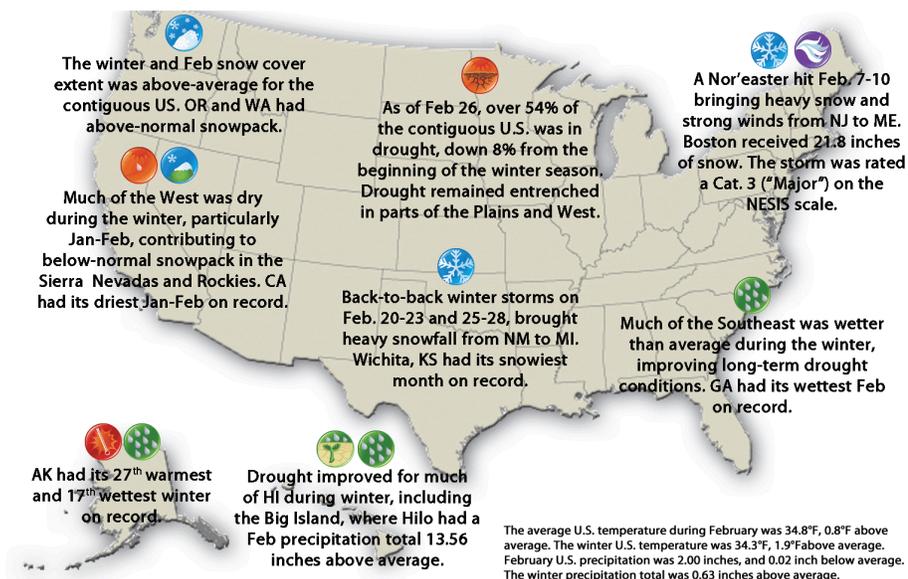
Highlights for the West

Early December snowpack conditions in California were far above median, but decreased to below-median due to one of the driest January and February periods on record

Southern Rockies snowpack is below-median for this time of year, and continues to decrease due to the lack of significant snowfall

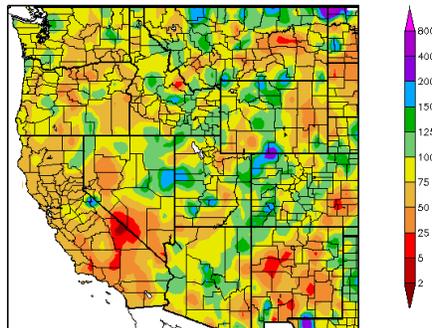
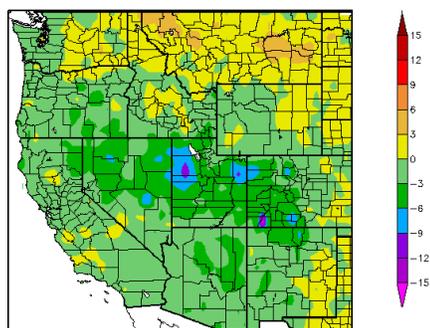
Temperatures were below average for the lower two-thirds of the western US, but there were less extreme cold outbreaks than normal

ENSO-neutral conditions continue, and are expected to persist into the summer, with sea surface temperatures near-average across the equatorial Pacific

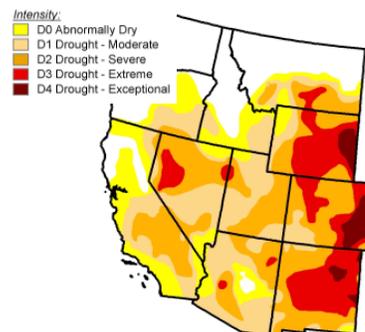


Regional Overview for December 2012 - February 2013

Temperature and Precipitation Anomalies



Drought



The temperature anomalies shown in the left panel indicate that most of the western US had below-normal temperatures (cold colors), with slightly warmer-than-normal temperatures in a band stretching across eastern Washington, northern Idaho, Montana, the Dakotas, and eastern Wyoming, Colorado and New Mexico.

Much of the western US received below to much below-normal precipitation. Parts of northern Montana, central Wyoming, the northeastern Great Basin and eastern Wyoming had above-normal precipitation while near-normal amounts fell over the Washington Cascades. (Temperature and precipitation from the High Plains Regional Climate Center.)

The US Drought Monitor shows abnormally dry to exceptional drought conditions across the southern two-thirds of the western US. (The Drought Monitor is a collaborative product from the USDA, NOAA and National Drought Mitigation Center www.droughtmonitor.unl.edu/monitor.html.)

Regional Impacts for December 2012 - February 2013

Climate and Weather

Despite an ENSO-neutral year, the atmosphere is behaving more like a La Niña winter, with above-normal precipitation north of latitude 41°N and below-normal precipitation south of 41°N

Drought, Flooding and Water Resources

As of February 28, 2013, the California Department of Water Resources estimated state water project will deliver only 40% of the requested amounts

The April to July flows into Lake Powell are forecast to be 47% of the long-term average

Natural Resources

Increased upwelling early in the season may result in abundant food resources, and high survival, for juvenile salmon along the Washington and Oregon coasts

Agriculture

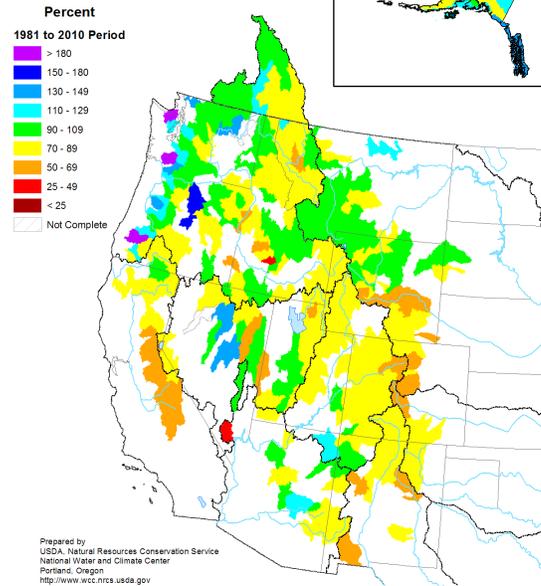
In the first crop progress report of 2013, the USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service rated 19% of Colorado winter wheat very poor, 32% poor, 37% fair, 11% good, and 1% excellent

Health

Two long stretches, a total of 22 days in January, under inversion conditions in the inter-mountain valleys of northern Utah led to significant periods of poor air quality

Mountain Snowpack as of March 1, 2013

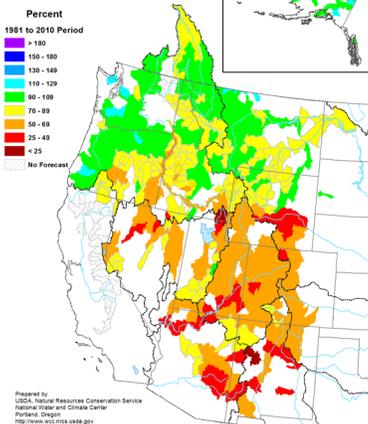
Manual snow course data are no longer available in some regions due to program decisions to meet reduced budgets. As a result, this map may have additional unrepresented areas and some regions may not be directly comparable to previous years.



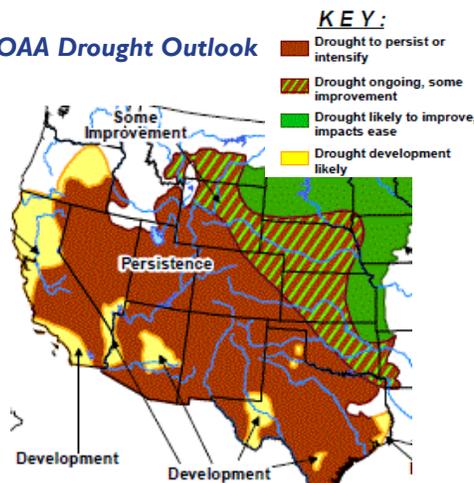
Regional Outlook for Spring 2013

Western Region Partners

Spring and Summer Streamflow Forecasts as of March 1, 2013



NOAA Drought Outlook



Water supply, drought and wildfire outlook

USDA-NRCS seasonal water supply projections reflect the drought conditions covering the lower two-thirds of the western US, where drought conditions are expected to persist or develop in some areas. Dry fuels are expected to result in above-normal significant fire potential for central parts of the Southwest and mountains and foothills of southern California.

NOAA Seasonal Climate Outlook

Enhanced chances for above-normal temperatures in the Southwest, the Southern and Central Rockies, and for below-normal temperatures in the Pacific Northwest and Northern Rockies are expected.

Elevated chances for below-median precipitation over a large area of the western US, stretching from California and Oregon, across the Great Basin and the Central and Southern Rockies, are anticipated.

- Western Regional Climate Center
wrccl.dri.edu
- National Integrated Drought Information System (NIDIS) - drought.gov
- Western Governors' Association
westgov.org
- Western States Water Council
westgov.org/wswc
- USDA/NRCS National Water and Climate Center - www.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov
- National Interagency Fire Center
www.nifc.gov
- DOI WaterSMART
www.usbr.gov/WaterSMART
- NOAA/ESRL Physical Sciences Division
esrl.noaa.gov/psd
- NOAA's Western Regional Collaboration Team
www.regions.noaa.gov/western/western_region_team.html
- Western Water Assessment
colorado.edu
- Climate Assessment for the Southwest
climas.arizona.edu
- California Nevada Applications Program
meteora.ucsd.edu/cap
- Climate Impacts Research Consortium
pnwclimate.org/resources
- Colorado Basin River Forecast Center
www.cbrfc.noaa.gov
- California Nevada River Forecast Center
www.cnrfc.noaa.gov
- NOAA Fisheries Service - www.nmfs.noaa.gov
- NWS Western Region's Climate Service
nws.noaa.gov/om/csd/index.php?section=programs#western
- State Climatologists - stateclimate.org

